



Step 1 - Ensure the shed has a level & sufficient base in place. Concrete or sleeper base is ideal. Position the floor ensuring it is level.



Step 2 - Ensure the panels are placed with the floor joist ends butted together, and that the joists line up. Screw together through joists.



Step 3 - Loose floor boards will be provided which needs to be installed to cover the gap between the floor panels.



Step 4 - With the floor in place, each panel can now be positioned & screwed together starting with the back panel.



Step 5 - The side panels sit on top of the floor panel. The cladding over hangs the floor panel and finishes flush to the edge.



Step 6 - The second panel is positioned in place. Butted up tight to the other panel.



Step 7 - The shed frame should butt together tight in the corners.



Step 8 - The panels are screwed together through the framework.



Step 9 - The same is repeated for the other side panels, screwing together the panels as you go.



Step 10 - The last panel to be fitted and screwed into place is the front panel.



Step 11 - The first roof section is put in place. Then fit the second side. Ensure butted tight to back panel.



Step 12 - The two roof sections should sit down and line up as pictured. Ensure butted tight to back.



Step 13 - All side panel framework can be screwed up into the roof panel framework.



Step 14 - The shed roof is screwed down into the top of the side panel framework from the outside.



Step 15 - Two support posts are supplied that sit within framework of roof overhang to front of building.



Step 16 - First, ensure the roof overhang is running level then position the support posts and mark with a pencil how much post needs to be removed.



Step 17 - Use a handsaw to trim off the excess post, make sure to only cut off the flat end of the post.



Step 18 - An 'L' shape bracket is then screwed into position at the back of each post and into the base.



Step 19 - Use two screws through the roof framework to secure the top of the post & keep it square.



Step 20 - Corner fillets are provided and attached to each corner. This covers the exposed panel edges.



Step 21 - Roll the first run of felt across the roof starting at the low point, leaving approx. 60mm overhang.



Step 22 - Cut the felt leaving, again, 60mm overhang which leaves enough to fold over and tack to the roof edge.



Step 23 - Fold the felt neatly at the corner and tack along the roof edge. Repeat steps 22 – 24 on the other low side.



Step 24 - Now continue with the second run of felt, overlapping on top of the first.



Step 25 - Roof front and rear panel edging boards are cut in the center and nailed to sandwich the felt + nail on diamond in center.



Step 26 - The side edging boards are then cut to fit and nailed to sandwich the felt along the roof edge.



Step 27 - The access front and rear edging boards are trimmed with a handsaw for a perfect fit.



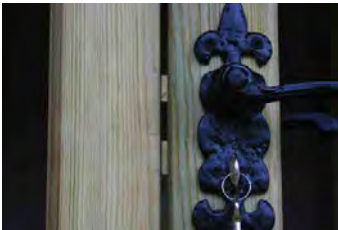
Step 28 - Position the doors on 10mm packers, allowing an equal clearance on each end and between the doors.



Step 29 - Fix the hinges at the top and bottom of each door using the screws provided.



Step 30 - Mark on top of frame where a hole will need to be chiselled out in order to house the bolt & secure the door.



Step 31 - Fit the lock into the RH door where a space has already been cut into position. Fit the handles to inside and out.



Step 32 - Mark out on LH door where the lock will fit into the door when closed. Cut out the marked area using a chisel and fit keep.



Step 33 - A cabin hook has been supplied for each door - fix to solid part of front, ensuring position will reach door without strain.



Step 34 - Fit the keep element onto the door at the same height for ease of securing doors in open position when needed.



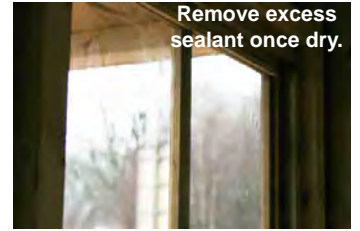
Step 35 - Two door stop springs have been supplied that can be fitted next to the cabin hooks on both sides of the front panel.



Step 36 - Three small packs of timber have been supplied that are marked for further use e.g. windows & door frames.



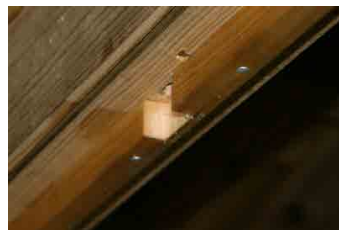
Step 37 - Prime the window beading using the glazing pins provided. (Tap nails into position along length of bead.)



Step 38 - It is recommended that a clear silicone sealant (not supplied) is used in the rebate of windows & doors before glazing.



Step 39 - Fit glass into window and door units.



Step 40 - The prepared beading can then be gently tacked into place around the fitted glass.



Step 41 - Door stop material is provided which should be prepared as Step 37. A notch must be made to house the top bolt when door is fully closed.



Step 42 - A 'drip board' should be installed directly above the doors. All panels can now be screwed and secured into the base.

Step 43 - Your Summerhouse with (or without) Veranda is now finished!